

Proposal of the

TRIANGLE PROJECT for

cobalt-rich ferromanganese crusts in the northwest Pacific Ocean

COMRA: LIU Feng, LI Bo, KANG Jian, SONG Cheng-Bin, LI Xiang-Yang, et al.



Xue-Wei Xu 29/05/2018 in Qingdao





Background

Preliminary Thinking

Proposal Triangle Project

Resolutions Adopted by General Assembly of the UN

Resolution adopted by the General Assembl

Map from the ISA

United Nations A/RES/68/70 A/RES/68/70 Distr: General 27 February 2014 Sixty-eighth session Agenda item 76 (a)	United Nations A/RES/70/235* A/RES/70/235* General Assembly Distr.: General 15 March 2016	United Nations Ares/69/245* A/RES/69/245* General Assembly Distr:: General Assembly 24 February 2015	
Resolution adopted by the General Assembly on 9 December 2013	Seventieth session	Sixty-ninth session	
[without reference to a Main Committee (A/68/L.18 and Add.1)]	Agenda item 79 (a)	Agenda item 74 (a)	
68/70. Oceans and the law of the sea	Resolution adopted by the General Assembly on 23 December 2015	Resolution adopted by the General Assembly on 29 December 2014	
The General Assembly, Recalling its annual resolutions on the law of the sea and on oceans and the law of the sea, including resolution 67/78 of 11 December 2012, and other relevant resolutions concerning the United Nations Convention on the Law of the Sea (the Convention), ¹	[without reference to a Main Committee (A/70/L22 and Add.1)] 70/235. Oceans and the law of the sea	[without reference to a Main Committee (A/69/L.29 and Add.1)] 69/245. Oceans and the law of the sea	
51. <i>Recalls</i> that the env	ironmental management plan for the	Clarion-	
Clipperton Zone, including the de	esignation, on a provisional basis, of a net	twork of	
areas of particular environmental	interest, was approved in 2012, to be impl	emented	

over an initial three-year period so that it may be improved in 2012, to be implemented over an initial three-year period so that it may be improved as more scientific, technical and environmental baseline and resource assessment data become available and that, for that purpose, the conduct of marine scientific research in those areas and the supply of available results to the Authority was encouraged,²⁸ and invites the Authority to consider developing and approving environmental management plans in other international seabed area zones, in particular where there are currently exploration contracts;

ISA Council's Documents



IV. Short-term strategy and recommendations

12. In the light of such constraints and considering the current status of exploration in the Area, the priority areas for development of regional environmental management plans in the Area have been identified on a preliminary basis as the Mid-Atlantic Ridge,⁶ the Indian Ocean triple junction ridge and nodule-bearing province,⁷ as well as the North-west Pacific and South Atlantic for seamounts.⁸

ISBA/24/C/3 ISBA/24/C/3

Distr.: General 16 January 2018

Original: English

Proposal by COMRA

During the 23rd session, the COMRA proposed to develop a REMP for the cobalt-rich crusts located in the northwest Pacific through a cooperative effort.





ISBA/23/C/8: Report of Secretary -General 23. The Secretary-General has taken note of the views expressed by the Council in this regard and proposes to give consideration to how best to initiate action in this respect, taking into account budgetary constraints. The Commission has also held a general discussion on the approach to the development of environmental management plans and the need for environmental data from contractors and open sources to be made available for that purpose. The Commission and the Secretary-General have also taken note of external initiatives to develop a scientific basis for an environmental management plan in the Atlantic Ocean, and they intend to hold discussions with relevant stakeholders on how the outcomes of such initiatives may help to advance the work of the Authority. The Secretary-General also held preliminary discussions with the China Ocean Mineral Resources Research and Development Association regarding its interest in pursuing a cooperative effort with other contractors to develop an environmental management plan for the cobalt-rich ferromanganese crust zones in the Pacific Ocean. This initiative is welcomed and further discussions will be held in due course.



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Differences among Three Resources Areas

Resources	Polymetallic Nodules	Polymetallic Sulfides	Cobalt-Rich Crusts
Typical topography	Abyssal plain (table)	Ocean ridge (belt)	Seamount (dot)
Representative areas	CCZ	Mid-Atlantic Ridge, Indian Ridge	Triangle Area in the Northwest Pacific Ocean
Food resource and pattern	Photoautotroph (upper ocean) Uniform distribution	Chemoautotroph (hydrothermal fluid) Shaped distribution	Photoautotroph (upper ocean) Inhomogeneous distribution
Benthos distribution characteristics	Longitude and latitude (table, 1D)	Distance away from ridge (belt, 1.5D)	Height of seamounts (dots, 2D)
Complexity for connectivity	+	++	+++
REMP	+	_	_

Distribution of Seamounts



Map from cooklowery13

Black: $0.1 \le h < 1 \text{ km} (n = 16,185)$ Blue: $1 \le h < 3 \text{ km} (n = 7514)$ Red: $h \ge 3 \text{ km} (n = 944)$

Distribution pattern of seamounts (crusts) is dotted, which is different with that of hydrothermal vents (sulfides).

Triangle Area in the northwest Pacific Ocean



Map from Kim & Wessel (2011) Geophys J Int

Contract for Cobalt-rich Ferromanganese Crusts



South Atlantic Ocean

Map from ISA



Triangle Area within the Northwest Pacific Ocean

White curves represent the areas within 200 n miles of island, including EEZ and US monument.

Ave. depth of top: 1524m (n=38) Ave. altitude: 3578 m (n=38)

- > Area: 1.74 million km²
- > Seamount: ~227 thousand km²

Area ratio ≻ I : 36.0%

- ➢ Ⅱ : 21.4%
- ≻ III : 42.6%



Exploration Contract Areas in the Triangle Area

The situation is urgent and we don't have much choice.

White curves represent the areas < 200 n miles.

Current Knowledge

Publications regarding the northwest Pacific

ISA Technical Study

Workshops

ISBA/16/C/WP.2

Key Scientific Questions

- What factors determine the delineation of biogeographic provinces in the seamount area?
- How do topographic features affect biodiversity?
- How does hydrodynamics affect species dispersal?

Cables & Fishing

Undersea cables

Commercial fishing activity

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Strategy for the Development of REMP

International Seabed Authority	ISBA/24/C/
Council	Distr.: General 16 January 2018
A THOMAN AND AND AND AND AND AND AND AND AND A	Original: English
wenty-fourth session	
ouncil session, part I	
angston, 5-9 March 2018 genda item 10*	
eport of the Secretary-General on the implementation of the	

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Objectives

Objective of REMP:

- To provide a proactive area-based management tool to support informed decision-making that balances resource development with conservation.
- To provide the Authority with <u>a clear and</u> consistent mechanism to identify particular
 - **areas** thought to be representative of the full range of habitats, biodiversity and ecosystem structures and functions within the relevant management area, and provide those areas **with appropriate levels of protection**.

--Preliminary strategy for the development of regional environmental management plans for the Area (ISBA/24/C/3)

Objective of TP:

- To solve the management problems of biodiversity and maintenance of ecosystem functions;
- □ To emphasize the basic and key role of Science in the research of biodiversity at seamount areas;
- To propose the <u>coordination</u>, <u>cooperation and communication</u> among international organizations, contractors and experts;
- □ To provide <u>Scientific principles for the</u> <u>framework of the REMP</u>.

Establishment and implementation of the REMP need cooperation and sharing among contractors, international organizations and the ISA

Consideration

Legal Framework

ISA Strategy / Regulation

- Policy or regulation of other organizations /countries / institutions
- **Experience and insufficiency of other REMPs**

Scientific Support

Organizational Guarantee

- Characteristic of seamount ecosystems, impacts of human activities, and approaches of the scientific conservation
- Current scientific knowledge, APEI designate, future survey methods and environmental research orientations in the northwest Pacific Ocean
- **•** Objectives of the REMP for CFC
- Sources of environmental data, principle and approach of sharing, roles of ISA and stakeholders in sharing data
- Training and technical assistance
- Joint voyage & joint research / funding
- **Committee, liaison office, working group**
- Dissemination

Suggested roadmap

Organization of REMP

THANK YOU!

Chairman

Michael Lodge Secretary-General International Seabed Authority Jamaica

Feng Liu Secretary-General China Ocean Mineral **Resource R&D** Association China

Extensive consultation Joint contribution Shared benefits

Steering Committee

Irina Ponomareva JSC Yuzhmorgeologiya Russia

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Sang Joon Pak Science & Technology South Korea

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